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MONDAY, June 22, 1772.

HARVARD-COLLEGE, *June* 16. 1772.

CANDIDATES for the Degree of Master of Arts, are hereby notified to attend at the College on the Eighth Day of July next.—Those that desire Admission into College this Year, are also notified that the President and Tutors purpose to attend the Business of Examination on the Friday and Saturday after Commencement.

SAMUEL LOCKE, *President.*

THE honorable Society of *Ancient* Free and Accepted MASONS, are hereby Notified, That the most Worshipful

JOSEPH WARREN, ESQ;
GRAND MASTER,

Purposes to celebrate the Festival of St. John the Baptist, on Wednesday the 24th Instant, at *Mason's-Hall*; on which Occasion there will be a Sermon preached at CHRIST's Church.

The Brethren are desired to assemble at Concert Hall, at Ten o'Clock in the Forenoon, as the Service will begin at Eleven precisely.

‡*‡ Tickets may be had of Brothers *Nathaniel Tucker*, near the Old South Meeting-House—*William Hoskins*, near the Mill-Bridge—*Edward Proctor*, at the Sign of the Schooner, North-End, and *John McLean*, Watch-Maker. *By Order of the Grand-Master,*

WM. PALFREY, Grand Sec'y.

June 15, 1772.

Just Imported per Capt. *Lyde* from LONDON, and now opening,

A Parcel of genteel blue & white China Tea and Coffee Cups & Saucers, Dishes, Plates, Bowls, Patapans, Tureens, Butter Boats, &c.—A large Collection of fashionable colour'd superfine & inferior sorts of Broad-Cloths, with Trimmings; very handsome brown colour'd Silk Sagathees, Fustians and Thicksets, Silk Damasks, a great Variety of newest fashion Gold and Silver Laces, Coat Vellums, very neat Coat and Waistcoat Loops, Knee Straps, spangled scallop'd Breeches Frogs, newest pattern Gold and Silver Thread Buttons, Hat Laces, Bands, Buttons and Buckles, strong rich black Silk and Hair Prunella for Clergymens Coats, Waistcoats, Breeches and Gowns, a few very handsome green Silk Pulpit Tassels, Binding and Velvets, Mens and Boys plain and furr'd black and white newest fashion Hats, Mens and Womens white Thread, Cotton, and other sorts Hose, a few Pair Mens best Patent white Silk ditto rib'd with Silk, also Mens half rib'd white Cotton Caps, Brown Thread Gloves, with every other Kind used for Men, Women and Children; —a beautiful Assortment of newest fashion Ribbons pick'd out by a Lady of an elegant Taste;—very handsome white Petticoat Quilting, plain and figur'd Dimothies, all Prices Irish Linens, Cambricks and Lawns, Bengals, Callicoes, &c.—A Parcel of English Violins, Fifes, Roman Strings, &c.—ALSO—Fine fresh Hyson, Souchong and Breakfast Teas:—All which are an additional Assortment to those received by the early Spring Ships. The Prices will be so low as to give full Satisfaction to the Buyers, who, by applying at the Subscriber's Shop opposite the Bottom of School-Street, near the Old-South Meeting-House, may depend on being well us'd in every Respect.

Boston, June 15, 1772. Gilbert Deblois.

HARD-WARE GOODS.
Just imported by
William Breck,
At the Golden Key near the Draw-Bridge,

A General assortment of Pewtery, Ironmongery, Brazery and Cutlary Wares, also Powder and Shott, 7 by 9, 6 by 8, and 5 by 7 Glass; Tin Plates, Iron and Brass Wire, Lanthorn leaves, Sand Glasses, Brushes, Mops, Lines and Twine, bread and narrow Bunting, with a general Assortment of Ship Chandlery and Tin Ware; which he sells either Wholesale or Retail at a very small Profit for Cash only.

—RACCOON SKINS.—

TO BE SOLD CHEAP,

A small Parcel of very good Raccoon Skins, if applied for soon, at LEVI JENNINGS's, Hatt Maker, opposite the Royal-Exchange, King-Street.

Faneuil-Hall Lottery Tickets, to be sold at the Printing-Office in Queen Street.

Jonathan Williams, jun.
Respectfully Notifies the Public,
That he has received per the last Ships from LONDON,
A compleat Assortment of
Broad Cloths,

Of all Prices, and very excellent Qualities, consisting of near 90 Pieces of the most fashionable Colours at present worn in London, of which 17 are best superfine manufactured intirely of Spanish Wool, and made for the London Market, with Linings and Trimmings remarkable well matched——If any Gentleman will please to favor him with a Visit, he will be a better Judge of their Excellence by their Appearance, which sufficiently speaks their Worth.——They are now open'd at his CLOTH STORE over his Shop in Ann-Street, below the Draw-Bridge, and directly opposite the Drum-Maker's at the Head of Barrer's Wharff.

Where also he has

An elegant Assortment of English Goods in general, suitable for this Season of the Year.—The whole will be sold at a very moderate Profit, for

Ready Money only.

Said WILLIAMS has received a few Copies of the History and present State of Discoveries relating to Vision, Light and Colours, a new Work wrote by the ingenious Dr. Priestly, with 24 Explanatory Plates——Those Gentlemen who are fond of the Study of natural and experimental Philosophy, will find this a very valuable Book: But as he has but very few, those who have an Inclination to purchase must apply immediately, or they will probably be disappointed.

WHEREAS three Months longer are allowed the Creditors of the Estate of *Andrew Johnson*, late of *Middletown*, in *Hartford* County, deceased, by the honorable *Eleazer Hawley*, Esq; Judge of Probate for the District of *Middletown*, to prove their Claims against said Estate, the same being represented insolvent—The Subscribers appointed Commissioners by said Judge to examine and allow the Claims of such Creditors, do hereby give Notice that we shall attend for that Purpose on the Dwelling-House of *Mrs. Abigail Slater*, Innholder in said *Middletown*.—Dated in said *Middletown* the 13th Day of *April*, A. D. 1772.

TITUS HOSMER,
JOHN STOCKER,
JOHN DICKINSON, } Committ'rs.

ON the Petition of a Number of Proprietors of the Upper Housatonnock Propriety, shewing, That whereas in the Year 1772, they obtained a Grant from the General Court of this Province, of a certain Tract of Land, called the Upper Housatonnock Propriety, and a Committee was appointed by said Court to purchase said Lands of the Natives, and to transact all other Matters necessary to the forming said Propriety: And although there has been Search repeatedly made by the Petitioners, they are not able to find any Returns made of the Doings of said Committee to said Court—And whereas a Warrant was issued from a Justice of the Peace to convene said Proprietors at their first Meeting according to Law, still there is no Record of said Warrant in the Proprietors Book, neither are the Petitioners able any where to find said original Warrant—And as these Defects did not till of late Years appear, the Petitioners have ever since their first Incorporation as a Society, continued to call Meetings, to make Partitions of said Lands, and to transact all other Matters proper to be done as Proprietors.—And whereas the Petitioners are apprehensive that many Difficulties and Inconveniences may hereafter arise, greatly to the Prejudice of the Petitioners, by Reason of the abovementioned Defects—they therefore pray that the General Assembly would be pleased to take their Circumstances into Consideration, and according as their wonted Prudence, provide a Remedy against any future Prejudice arising to the Petitioners by Means of said Defects, by establishing and confirming the Doings and Records of said Proprietors in such Manner as to render them of equal Force and Validity, as if the Returns of the Doings of said Committee, and the Original Warrant for calling the first Meeting of the Proprietors were still to be found, &c.

In the House of Representatives, June 20. 1772.

ORDERED, That the Petitioners notify the other Proprietors within mentioned, by inserting the Substance of this Petition, and this Order thereon, in two of the Boston News-Papers, viz. *Edes and Gill's*, and *Draper's*, three Weeks successively; and also by posting the same on the Meeting-House Door in *Great-Barrington*, that they shew Cause, if any they have, on the second Wednesday of the next Session of this Court, why the Prayer thereof should not be granted.

Sent up for Concurrence.

T. CUSHING, Speaker.

In Council, *June* 20, 1772. Read and concurr'd.

JOHN COTTON, D. Sec'ry.

A true Copy. *Attest*, JOHN COTTON, D. Sec'ry.

Imported in the last Ships from London, and to be Sold by

Samuel Dashwood,

At his Shop the Sign of Noah's Ark, near Seven-Star Lane, in Marlborough-Street, Boston,

A large and general Assortment of English and India Goods suitable for all Seasons,—Also, China, Tea, Pepper, and all sorts of Spices, by Wholesale and Retail, very low for Cash.

N. B. The said Dashwood has received from the different Manufactures, a large and compleat assortment of Stuff, White, Stone, Drab, Brown, and Cream colour'd Ware of all Kinds, which he will sell remarkable low by Wholesale or Retail.

THIS DAY is PUBLISHED and SOLD by

Cox & Berry,

At their Store in Kingstreet,
[Price One Pistareen.]

An ESSAY upon NURSING
AND THE
Management of CHILDREN,
From their BIRTH to THREE YEARS of Age.
By W. CADOGAN,
FELLOW of the COLLEGE of PHYSICIANS, Late PHYSICIAN to the FOUNDLING-HOSPITAL.

In a LETTER to a GOVERNOR.

Published by Order of the GENERAL COMMITTEE for transacting the Affairs of the Hospital.

THE TENTH EDITION.

Doctor CADOGAN, in the above Treatise, has given a Set of Rules for the Nursing of Children, which are universally approved of, and we doubt not our American Mothers will honor him with their Attention, as much as their Fellow-Subjects in Great-Britain and Ireland have done.

The Doctor concludes his Essay by saying——"All I have endeavoured is, to be intelligible and useful; and therefore I have avoided, as much as possible, all terms of art; together with learned quotations, as often produced out of vanity, and to shew deep reading, as for the sake of proof.——I deliver it up as a FOUNDLING, to be disposed of as you think proper. I shall only add, by way of persuasive to those who may be inclined to make trial of the method I recommend, that I am a Father, and have already practised it with the most desirable success."

N. B. At the above Store may be had, wrote by the same Author,

A Dissertation on the Gout and all Chronic Diseases.

SADLERY GOODS.

A compleat assortment of Sadlery Goods, just Imported, and to be Sold by

R. G. CRANCH,

At his Shop on the Exchange, in King-Street; Among which are,

A QUANTITY of English Trees, plated Bitts, Stirrups, Spurs, & almost every Article that can be enquired for in the Sadlery Way.

Country Sadlers may depend on being well served on as good terms as at any Shop or Store in the Province.

Said Cranch makes and sells all sorts of Saddles, Bridles, &c. on the lowest Terms for Cash.

TO BE SOLD,
Exceeding Cheap for Cash, by
John Nazro,
Lately from LONDON,
At his Shop formerly improved by Mr. *John Dove*, North of the Court-House in WORCESTER, by Wholesale and Retail,

A general Assortment of English, India, Irish and Scotch Goods, imported in the last Ships.

LIKEWISE,

A great Variety of Cutlery and Brazery Wares; with all Sorts of West-India Goods, Spices and other Groceries.

N. B. As the Prices of the above Goods will be as low as they can be purchased in any Shop or Store in BOSTON, they cannot be sold on any other Terms than for Ready Money.

☞ No Abatement made on the Prices first asked, and Constant Attendance early and late will be given at said Shop, and the utmost Care taken to give Satisfaction to the Purchaser.

Worcester, June, 23th, 1772.

When one in Vicioufneſs grows hard,
On Miſery on't! the wiſe GOD ſeals his Eyes;
——————— makes him
Adore his Errors,——*while he ſtruts*,
To his Confuſion." SHAKESPEARE.

IN political, as well as all other matters, there is nothing like reſearch and examination to determine our judgment: It is not every man who bawls—LIBERTY! is a patriot; neither are all they who croak—GOVERNMENT! friends to peace and good order. It becomes therefore a wiſe people to attend to their own intereſts; remembering that *there are powers, in every ſtate, perpetually operating on the moſt important concerns of the community.* Believe no man for his profeſſions; but conſider whether he is in the ſervice of thoſe, who diſpoſe *the loaves* and *the fiſhes*. Truſt with diſcretion. The people have in general nothing to beſtow, but their plaudit——and Heaven knows!—that is ſufficiently precarious. No wiſe man will enter into conflicts for the people, for ſuch a poor reward, unleſs a ſenſe of his duty impells him to action. It has ever been the bane of man, that he has generally neglected, or not ſufficiently ſupported and revered, thoſe who have ſacrificed health and fortune, in the ſervice of the common cauſe. Neither does the hiſtory of the world afford us reaſon to hope, that the enemies of public felicity, the partizans of public oppreſſion, and the advocates of tyranny (under the ſacred name of government) will receive from their injured fellowmen ——juſtice——juſtice!————Hence encouraged by impunity, the moſt atrocious criminals have their abettors, and every day affords us an inſtance that ſhameleſs man is capable of eſpouſing the moſt ſhameleſs meaſures.

Let any one review the hiſtory of this country for the laſt ſeven years; let him conſider what has been done and ſaid, and *by whom*; let him advert to the tranſactions of this day, and trace their operation to what will probably be the conſequences; I ſay let this be done, and my remarks will receive confirmation.——But I muſt haſten to attend upon Mr. Hutchinſon and his defenders,—LELIUS and THE COBLER:—the renowned triumvirate who gave riſe to my obſervations.

Lelius may think it *uncourtly* to have the truth publickly told of him, when ſuch a declaration beſpeaks his falſehood. As well might a thief or robber complain of the incivility of the poſt and gallows, as many whom I could name, who are eternally lamenting the juſt rewards of their crimes and infamy.

Lelius after a public conviction of one falſehood, if he had any reſpect for the underſtanding and virtue of his countrymen, any modeſty or feeling, would not have hoped any ſucceſs from the ſame little artifice. He tells us, in the front of his laſt publication, that "Marchmont Nedham, to the charge againſt his Excellency of inconſiſtence, prevarication, infincerity and falſhood, has added, hypocritical ſolemnity, baſe duplicity, and malevolence of intention! Language (adds Lelius) better becoming the porter, than *the inſtructor of youth* and *the guardian of the people*."——What a ſcurvy trick have ſome men got of lying? What ſentiments concerning the deſign and uſe of language?

Lelius knows that either of theſe charges was never made by me againſt his Excellency in my *firſt* publication. I ſtated facts, and reaſoned upon them. What thoſe facts and that reaſoning ſupported and proved, and no more, the Governor or his friends might anſwer as they were able. Mankind were to judge between the ruler and the people. Lelius or others who penetrated into matters, and properly conſidered them, would decide for themſelves, and denominate the tranſactions by ſuch names as ſeemed beſt expreſſive of their ſentiments. But for myſelf, whatever I tho't, or believed, I *charged his Excellency with nothing but his own public conduct*; and if this eventually convicted him of "inconſiſtence, prevarication, infincerity and falſhood," his advocates will not better his cauſe by purſuing the ſame practices in the Governor's vindication.————My *laſt* contained this great truth, that "hypocritical ſolemnity, and baſe duplicity, may deceive for a ſeaſon." And tho' a naked poſition by itſelf, unapplied to any individual, and (as connected with the reſt of my obſervations) equally relative to Lelius, Philanthrop and Mr. Hutchinſon, yet Lelius tells us, this is *an additional charge* againſt the governor. Was it thought, that the truth of this poſition was ſo ſtrikingly exemplified, as that all, who read or heard, muſt make the application? Or did Lelius with to be conſidered, or did he know himſelf, ſo intimately *incorporated* with the three notable adventurers, as that a truth which affected any one of them, muſt equally touch his Excellency?

A curious figure this writer makes with his "language of a porter," when his remark had no ſanction from truth of fact or brilliancy of thought. For he ought to know, that *propriety of language* muſt be determined by a joint conſideration of the ſentiment to be conveyed, the perſon addreſſed, and him who is ſpoken of. Now, when the ſentiment of the heart is juſtly abhorrent of the turpitude of the culprit, the language of the lips ought to be expreſſive of the feelings. Hence it is becoming the man, who acts from principle, to treat all villains with words and actions correſpondent to their crimes. This alone ought to ſilence one half of the clamour made about civility and politeneſs to dignified knaves and robbers. FACT is a teſt of juſt ſentiment: TRUTH is an eternal ſtandard of propriety in language.

The celebrated author, who tells us, that "he who goes about to perſuade a multitude they *are not ſo well governed as they ought to be*, will not fail of finding *attentive* and *favourable* hearers," delivered a truth:—but as it would have been as fair and as profitable to mankind, had he told us the reaſon, which he has choſe to conceal, let me do it for him. He who goes about to perſuade a multitude of this EVERLASTING TRUTH, will always find abundant matter for his diſcourſe: matter *deeply intereſting to the many, greatly galling to the few*: matter that deſerves the attention and favor of *all* good men, and will *therefore ever have it from ſome*;—while he who attempts thus to perſuade, properly feels for his fellows:——has underſtanding to know their wrongs, ability to diſplay them, and ſpirit to redreſs them. Heaven knows that a want of more of theſe "PERSWADERS," a deficiency in the number of THE 'ATTENTIVE AND FAVOURABLE,' has been the bane of human happineſs—an encouragement of thoſe, who have been the ſcourges of GOD, and the plagues of mankind.

We are informed by Lelius, that he will "*endeavour* to ſhew forth ſeveral matters," for "reconciling the conduct of the governor, with *truth*, *wiſdom* and *integrity*". This is ſaid with reference to my laſt, which I hope will be read by all thoſe who are inclined to think Lelius has performed what he has undertaken. However Lelius takes care not to proceed in his *reconciling plan* "*in the way* Marchmont has pleaſed to point out." Proceed in any honeſt way in your labours, and I am content:—Take *the ſtone Siſyphus*, as a device for your ſtandard, and "the thirſt of Tantalus" for your motto. Philanthrop held forth in 1767, a "fixed reſolution, to examine *in his own way* every charge bro't againſt G——r B——d, and, if it could be fairly done, to ſet his (BERNARD'S) CHARACTER FOR INTEGRITY, AND TRUE FRIENDSHIP TO THE PROVINCE *in a juſt point of light*." Philanthrop and Lelius on a comparion of their "fixed reſolution" and "endeavour" "*in their own way*" to "examine" and "reconcile," ſeem as likely to be the ſame "*ſingle ſoul*," as Mucius and Marchmont; and I have no doubt but the hero of 1767 and 1772 will be alike deſerving, if not alike rewarded. However, going your "*own way*" will not ſucceed ſo well now as formerly.——But we will attend Lelius in "*his way*".

"In laſt week's papers every thing had was ſaid of the governor *becauſe* he would NOT remove the court to Boſton". Not barely for this only; but for his not doing it conformable to the *words and ſpirit of his promiſe*, and agreeable to his oftentatious *profeſſions and pretences*. "In the next paper, (continues our advocate) he is abuſed for doing it." It is not true Lelius, and you know it. This is plain truth and *good manners*, *among men*, whatever you may ſay about *porters and politeneſs*. Mr. H. has not been *abuſed* by me, or any one elſe that I know, *for removing the Court to Boſton*. He has been ſifted rather more thoroughly than common touching this point: he has been weighed and found greatly wanting. He acted a part that no honeſt man will attempt to palliate, much leſs juſtify: a part, which, with them *who know the man*, *his aims* and *meaſures*, precludes all charity, till he ſhows, true contrition and reformation.

(1)

He apparently deſigned to bring the Houſe into his plot; and if once enſnared, we are not ignorant who would make it a merit, and who have *penſions* at diſpoſal. It is not every day, that *ſuch a ſubtle ruler*, *as our preſent* is exhibited in true colours. There are a thouſand ways to act the villain in a maſk: and an equal number of ways for the great and guilty to elude conviction or defeat juſtice. He, who with ſo odious, ſo poor, ſo mean a motive, could *deliberately* perpetrate, and what is more, *openly practice* ſuch devices, is capable of ———— all that a free people dread and abhor. Such conduct ought to be fixed up as a land-mark, to the preſent and future generations, and as a genuine ſtandard by which to judge *the ruler* and *the man*.

Who "told" Lelius that "the governor would not even now have regarded the earneſt requeſt and prayer of his councellors and commons, *had he not been afraid* to do otherwiſe; and his remanding the Court to Boſton was an act of *compulſion* or deſign, not of will"? Lelius after having affirmed this tale, which I am well ſatisfied he never ſaw in print, knight errant-like ſets about "determining the truth of it with preciſion." But "his review" has not ſhown any thing to prove even this tale, (which *he pretends to have been* "*told*") was untrue in fact; tho' it ſhould ſeem a mighty eaſy matter *to knock down a man of ſtraw of our own formation*. One ground of complaint againſt Mr. H. was directly the reverſe of all this. It was his dependence upon a miniſter, and his *monſtrous* independance of this people, which we ſuppoſed made him *ſo little afraid of doing what he did*. It is no eaſy thing to compel a man to forfeit the approbation of one who *feeds* and *pays* him; eſpecially when *this man* has a herd of *menſters* in his train, an army at his heels, and a fleet at his command. Hence Lelius was called upon to ſhew THE VERY REVERSE of what *he pretends to be told*:——"Give us a ſpecimen from *Engliſh hiſtory* of that monarch, who *dared* to diſregard "*the prayer*" of his LORDS and COUNCELLORS, and "the *earneſt requeſt*" of his COMMONS." Plainly pointing out, that Mr. H. *ſo far from* "*being afraid*," had actually *dared to do* what NO KING OF ENGLAND, from the *Norman* tyrant to the preſent occupier of the throne *deſpotic*, *had ventured to attempt*.—Lelius ſurely muſt know, that *to ſerve a turn*, the moſt hardy and daring oppreſſor may reſort to "the little wiles of timidity", and practice, *for a time*, "the arts of ſubterfuge and evaſion."

Lelius tells the world, that the GOVERNOR WAS UNDER A NECESSITY *of continuing the Court out of Boſton, while the king's authority to appoint the place for holding it was diſputed*." THIS I UTTERLY DENY: And I call upon Lelius to prove it. I have good reaſon to believe that Mr. Hutchinſon HAD NOT EVEN AN INSTRUCTION *from the king* to this purpoſe. I have been well informed, that when he lately aſked the advice of council he read a letter from Lord Hillſborough, the purport of which was no more than ſimply this:—that ſo long as the houſe continued ſuch diſpute, "*his excellency would* BE JUSTIFIED *in holding the Court out of Boſton*." Theſe I ſay, I am told are the words of that letter, which one would ſuppoſe, as the advice of Council was aſked on it, was recorded: However it is ſaid, this was forbid: If I am wrong, let me be ſet right. Now if this letter contains "the neceſſity" talked of; if this letter is the only *inſtruction* which has influenced his conduct, let people conſider how his behaviour is aggravated.—What a farce to ſeek advice under ſuch circumſtances and on ſuch an occaſion? What a poor incentive to actuate Mr. H. in his explanatory Meſſage? A reſort *to Council* will not ſerve the purpoſe.

Lelius informs us, that the "Governor ſends the Houſe a ſecond meſſage, *ſlightly* deſiring them to reſolve a doubt, which upon *conſideration* had ariſen in his mind reſpecting the intent of one expreſſion in their anſwer." But before this can ſerve as any excuſe, let it be owned, that he had *not conſidered it in the three days* precedent to his firſt meſſage; and what is ſtill more important, give us ſome ſhadow of plauſible pretext for the doubt he pretends to raiſe upon FURTHER *conſideration*. Shameleſs as men are in theſe days, from the higheſt to the loweſt, no one attempts this. Therefore this FURTHER *conſideration* which gave riſe to a *declaration* of this doubt, ſerves only to evidence a deeper plot at the bottom, and, of courſe, gives a ten-fold blackneſs to the deſpicable project. And publickly, *as a governor*, to affirm "that as plain as the words were to *the Houſe*, *to him* they were *doubtful* and *equivocal*," adds a new ſhade to the exhibition. Neither does it at all better the matter to ſay (let who will ſay it) that the words of the Houſe "*might be conſtrued* in ſuch a manner, as if the Governor complied with the deſire of the Houſe, he would depart from the KING'S *inſtruction*"; unleſs ſome evidence beſides a bare *ipſe dixit* is given to ſupport *the fact*, and then ſome rule of language, of common ſenſe or of parliament *which will warrant* "*ſuch a conſtruction*." The application to the Council is ſeen thro' by all wiſe men, and will never be tho't any thing more, than a new ſpecimen of his Excellency's dexterity in methods *to ſave appearances*, unleſs as many ſuppoſe, that there was a further view of getting the Board unwarily and ſuddenly to go into a meaſure, which "*might be conſtrued*," as the phraſe goes, a tacit or implied allowance of a *right* to give the *modern* kind of inſtructions to continental governors. If this was, alſo, the deſign, the keeneſs of my reſentment ſurpaſſes the expreſſion of my pen.

I ſhall now leave my intelligent countrymen to determine, whether Lelius has ſucceeded in an "endeavour" preciſely in my way, or any other, to ſhow theſe "ſeveral matters":—"That the anſwer of the Houſe was of enigmatical or doubtful meaning; that the word "convene", is ever uſed in parliament or in our charter in the ſenſe Mr. H. pretends; that his Excellency did not underſtand a meſſage he had *three days to conſider*, and, *as a governor* was undertaking to anſwer; that rule of conſtruction, that admits a private individual or a judge; *a governor and a prince*, *when treating with his commons*, to take doubtful words in an unfavourable ſenſe; and that ſpecimen from Engliſh hiſtory", which we have heretofore mentioned. "This work, this labor" muſt be performed, before Lelius or any other, will accompliſh the arduous taſk "of reconciling the conduct of the Governor, with truth, wiſdom, or integrity."

I would juſt inform "*the Cobler*" that agreeable to his "prayer", I have taken a new, I wiſh it may be "a full draught" of Milton: And let me recommend to his ſerious meditation and improvement, this one paſſage from that ſublime author, that wiſe, great & good man.

"They undoubtedly, that by their *labors*, *counſels* and *prayers*, have been *earneſt* for the *common good of religion* and *their country*, ſhall receive above the inferior *orders* of the *bleſſed*, the *regal* addition of *principalities*, *legions*, and *thrones*, into their glorious titles, and in ſuper-eminence of beatific viſion, progreſſing the dateleſs and irrevocable circle of *eternity*, ſhall claſp inſeperable hands with *joy* and *bliſs*, in over-meaſure forever.——

"But they on the contrary, that by the impairing and diminution of *the true faith*, THE DISTRESSES AND SERVITUDE OF THEIR COUNTRY, ASPIRE TO HIGH DIGNITY, RULE AND PROMOTION HERE, after a ſhameful end in this life (which GOD grant them) *ſhall be thrown down eternally into the darkeſt and deepeſt gulph of hell, where under the deſpiteful controul, the trample and ſcorne of all the other damned, ſhall remain in that plight forever*;—THE BASEST, THE LOWERMOST, THE MOST-DEJECTED, MOST UNDER-FOOT AND DOWN-TRODDEN VASSALS OF PERDITION."

MARCHMONT NEDHAM.

Excellent TURKEY FIGGS,
New Currants by the Caſk or ſingle Pound,
Beſt Jordan and Valencia Almonds, by the Hundred or ſingle Pound,
Finest Florence Oyl. Flour of Muſtard.
Cinnamon, Cloves, Mace, Nutmegs, and Pepper by large or ſmall Quantities, the very beſt.
Velvet Corks, common ditto, Salt Petre by the Caſk or ſingle Pound, Peter Salt,
Saloop, Sago, Shavings of Hartſhorn,
Beſt Lavender & Hungary Water, Orange Flower Water,
Court Plaiſter, very neat Smelling Bottles,
French Chalk, Smalt Verdigreaſe,
French and Pearl Barley, Orter,
Ground Madder and Redwood, Roll & Flour Briſtoun,
Teeth Bruſhes, Nutt-Galls, Gum-Arabic, &c.
Imported in the laſt Ships from LONDON,
And to be Sold by
WILLIAM JONES,
At his Shop oppoſite the Town-Houſe, BOSTON.
LIKEWISE,
A large Aſſortment of the beſt Drugs and Medicines, with an Aſſortment of genuine patented ditto.
ALSO,
Raiſins, Allum, Copperas, Logwood, Redwood, Spaniſh Brown, Vermillion, Red-Lead, &c. &c.

(THIS DAY PUBLISHED,)
By JOHN MASCOL WILLIAMS, in Haverhill,
THE Simplicity of the Goſpel Defended; In a Diſcourſe delivered in LONDON, in the Year 1642.
By SAMUEL HOW. Who ſuffered much for his Teſtimony at that Time. "Then he ſaid unto them, Ye are they that juſtify yourſelves before men; but God knows your hearts; for that which is highly eſteemed among men, is abomination in the ſight of God."
Luke 16 :15.
"At that time Jeſus anſwered and ſaid, I thank thee, O Father, Lord of Heaven and Earth, becauſe thou haſt hid theſe things from the wiſe and prudent, and haſt reveſled them unto Babes, even ſo, Father, for ſo it ſeemeth good unto thee." Matthew 11. 25, 26.
Sold alſo by H. Knox, and J. Langdon, in Cornhill, and J. Knoeland, in Milk-Street, Boſton. Price 9d.

& ſee page 96 ‖ ſee page 92. — Governor Barnard & Gov^r Hutchinſon — page 97
(1) vid. ſpeech pa. 92. (2) vid. pa. 90 (3) vid. pa. 576, vol. 3. & page 96. ∨ vid. Charter pa. 1077. vol. 2.

LONDON, *April* 21.

The following are the names of the captains and of ships now fitting out to sail to the Baltic, and of which Lord Howe is to have the command:

Ships.	Guns.		Captains.
Marlborough	90	Flag Ship.	Bickerton.
Albion	74	——	Barrington
Centaur	74	——	Bentinck
Egmont	74	——	Jekyl
Resolution	74	——	Hotham
Torbay	74	——	Wallis
Triumph	74	——	Suckling
Asia	74	——	King
Somerset	74	——	Hughes
Worcester	74	——	Hughes.

FRIGATES.

Glory, Thames, and Southampton.
FIRESHIP. Strombalo.
BOMBS. Carcass, and Racehorse.

The armament preparing against Denmark is only intended to strengthen a negotiation now on foot with that court. The court at St. James's insist, that no sentence shall be passed on her Danish Majesty, the evidence against her being only presumptive and very inconclusive. The articles said to be proved have been actually sent to London; and have been submitted to the opinions of the first lawyers, who, though consulted separately, have all declared that the evidence bro't is so far from bringing legal conviction, that it scarce amounts to a bare presumption of guilt; and they affirm that they not only do not give credit to any of the facts as lawyers, but even find themselves obliged to disbelieve them as men.

This coincidence of opinion has raised such scruples in the Royal breast, that it is resolved not to permit the violence of a Danish faction to throw an unjust disgrace, by a sentence of guilt, upon a Daughter of Great-Britain. This resolution being taken, orders were immediately issued to prepare a squadron; and a courier was, in the mean time, dispatched to Sir Robert Keith to insist upon a suspension of the sentence, to demand the person of the Queen, together with her fortune, and a settlement suitable to her dignity and family. The Danes being in no condition to cope with this country, it is supposed, that the demands will be complied with, without any coercive measures.

PHILADELPHIA, June 12.

One of the ships which sneaked out of Boston harbor, is watching for prey in our river, where, in a manner, below the dignity of any thing but ——, they fire at, bring too, board, ransack, swear and tear at every wherry, shallop, flat, &c. that they can lay their eyes on; stopping men in their lawful business, and putting his Majesty's subjects in fear of their lives and liberties, and in a most underhand manner, take every low method to obtain intelligence. Last week they seized a shallop belonging to Chester, loaded with flour and lumber, and maltreated the skipper, on which the owner sued the officer, and he was taken by the Sheriff, when the Captain and several hands from the man of war came on shore, rescued the offender, and the Captain took the writ from the Sheriff, and carried it, together with the man, on board his ship.

PROVIDENCE, June 13.

Monday last a Sloop from New-York arrived at Newport, and after reporting her Cargo at the Custom House, was proceeding up the River on Tuesday. The Gaspee armed Schooner, then lying near Newport, immediately gave Chace to the Sloop, crowding all the Sail she could make; but the People on board not being acquainted with the River, at three o'Clock in the Afternoon she ran on Namquit Point, near Pawtuxet. About twelve at Night a great Number of People in Boats boarded the Schooner, bound the Crew, and sent them ashore, after which they set Fire to the Vessel, and destroyed her. A Pistol was discharged by the Captain of the Schooner, and a Musket or Pistol from one of the Boats, by which the Capt. was wounded, the Ball passing through one of his Arms, and lodging in the lower Part of his Belly. He was immediately taken to Pawtuxet, and we are told is in a fair Way to recover. *& vid pa, 173.*

We hear that one Dagget, belonging to the Vineyard, who had served the beforementioned Schooner as a Pilot, but at the Time of her being destroyed was on board the Beaver Sloop of War, going ashore a few Days since at Narraganset to a Sheep-Shearing, was seized by the Company, who cut off his Hair, and performed on him the Operation of Shearing in such a Manner, that his Ears and Nose were in imminent Danger.

Last Week the Wife of Mr. Rimington Kinyon, of East Greenwich, was safely delivered of three Children, viz. two Sons and a Daughter.

BOSTON, June 22.

Last Wednesday the House of Representatives appointed a large Committee to take under Consideration what Measures were proper to be taken relating to the Provision made for the Support of the Governor of this Province, independent of the Grants and Acts of the General Assembly. And afterwards sent up the following Message to the Council Board, viz.

May it please the honorable Board.

THE House of Representatives early in this Session, thought it necessary previous to their making a Grant for the Support of his Majesty's Governor of the Province, to order a Message to his Excellency; requesting that he would be pleas'd to inform them whether Provision was made for that Purpose otherwise than by the Grants and Acts of the General Assembly, to which he was pleas'd to return an Answer: And as it is the Opinion of this House, that the subject Matter of his Excellency's Answer very nearly affects the Constitution of this Province, they have directed that Copies of the said Message and Answer be laid before the honorable Board; that they, if they please, may take them into Consideration and act thereon as they may judge best.

Mr. Moody Bridges, is chosen Representative for the Town of Andover, in the Room of the Hon. Samuel Phillips, Esq; who was elected one of his Majesty's Council.

Tuesday Evening last the House of Capt. Dalton in Water-Street, catch'd on Fire by a Chimney, and being Windy, burnt the Roof considerably before it was extinguished.

The 5th ult. the Brig Industry, Thomas Jackson, arrived at Providence, from Surrinam, last from Halifax, which had been a missing Vessel, having been from Surrinam 108 Days.—On his Passage he had lost his Rudder, and was obliged to steer with a Cable, and drifted into the Gulph Stream, & met with a continued Series of Storms and bad Weather till his Arrival at Halifax, which was 76 Days.—The Captain and People underwent great Hardships.—He was relieved on the 1st of May by Capt. Knight from Salem to Newfoundland, with Bread and Water, and afterwards got a Supply of Fish from a Fisherman.

The Earl of Halifax Packet-Boat, Capt. Bolderson, arrived at New-York, on the 4th Instant, in Lat. 60. 50. spoke with the Sloop Two-Sisters, William Cliff, Master, from Boston to Tortola, 21 Days out, who had met with bad Weather, in which he was obliged to throw a Quantity of Lumber overboard.

We hear that on the 12th Inst. a Man was found dead (supposed to be murdered) about 4 Rods from the Road leading from Great Barrington, in the County of Berkshire, and about a Mile from Col. Elijah Williams's Iron-Works.—His Body was found about 8 Rods from his Cloaths, very much eaten by Vermin, and appear'd to have been a Person in good Circumstances; he was of a middling Statue, had black curl'd Hair, a fine blue Broad Cloth Coat, new buff Breeches, a stript Waistcoat, Stone Sleeve Buttons, and a very fine Holland Shirt, but is unknown as well as the Murderer; tho' we hear that Deacon Brown of Stockbridge says, that the former was lately at his House with a Sum of Money (as he knew the Cloaths) and that at the same time there was also an Old Country Man in his House that went off a little before the deceased; and 'tis supposed the same Man, by Description, is now at Simsbury in Connecticut; for such a Person there has lately enquired of a Berkshire Man whether there was not a Man found dead near Brown's aforementioned; which enquiry was prior to his being found. 'Tis supposed he had been murdered about five or six Weeks.

By Letter from St. John's, Newfoundland, we have Advice of the Death of the Honorable MICHAEL GILL, Esq; Judge of the Admiralty of that Place.

MARRIED.] Mr. James Tyng, only Son of Col. Eleazer Tyng, of Dunstable, to Miss Rebecca Russell, second Daughter of the Honorable James Russell, Esq; of Charlestown.

To be Sold by PUBLIC VENDUE,
To-Morrow the 23d Inst. at the House where Mrs. *Esther Hill*, deceas'd, lately dwelt, opposite to Doctor Eliot's Meeting-House,
Sundry Houshold Goods, as Tables, Chairs, Looking-Glasses, Beds and Bedsteads, Brass Kettles, Pewter Dishes and Plates, Trammels, Iron Pots and Kettles, &c.—Said Goods may be view'd in the Morning, the Sale to begin at three o'Clock Afternoon.
Boston June 22d, 1772.

Choice *Narraganset* Cheese, to be Sold cheap, by
Cyrus Baldwin,
At his Store in Cornhill, Boston,
& vid pa, 173.

Where may be had, Scarlet, Buff and other coloured Broad Cloths of all Prices, with a general assortment of English, India and Scotch Goods.—Also Nails, Glass, Tea, Pepper, and Spices, all cheap for Cash. An Assortment of Earings to be sold at the Sterling Cost.

A Wet Nurse, with a good Breast of Milk, is wanted in a Gentleman's Family. Enquire of Edes and Gill.

Choice Bottled Mead, Sage Ale; Queen-Cakes, Pound Cakes, York-Cakes, Diet-Bread, and other Cakes are sold at the last House, North Side of the Common by EPHRAIM FENNO.

TO BE SOLD
By Benjamin Church,
On THURSDAY next,
At his usual Place of Sale;
A large Assortment of Articles, viz,
CALLICOES, printed Cottons and Linens, Irish Hollands coarse & fine of all Widths, cotton Checks, Linen ditto, Gauzes, Lawns, Men and Womens cotton, thread and worsted Hose, silk and worsted Mitts, cotton Velvets, Cambletts, Silk Mode, Handkerchiefs, Caps, &c. Likewise some House Furniture, Wearing Apparel, &c. A Variety of handsome Silks of different Sorts & Colors. Two Fall-Back Chaises second-hand, with Harnessing for the same.
& vid, in Index under Denmark — & vid page 97 & vid, pa, 574, Vol, 3.

For the Benefit of the Insurers,
TO-MORROW Morning at Eleven o'Clock,
Will be Sold by Public Vendue, at the Auction-Room in Queen-Street.
24 Casks 4d, 8d, 10d and 20d Nails, *damaged.* J. RUSSELL, Auctioneer.

A Fine Collection of Prints, framed and glazed, done by the best Hands, may be had at the Auction-Room in Queen Street;
Where also are now selling off at private Sale,
Superfine, middling, and low-priced Broad Cloths, Callicoes, Irish Linnens, Sheetings, Dowlasses, German Serges, 3-4, 7-8, yard wide and Apron Checks, Men and Womens Cotton Hose, Ravens Duck, Osnabrigs, &c.

On FRIDAY 17th July,
At NINE in the Morning,
Will be Sold by PUBLIC VENDUE, at the Auction-Room in Queen-Street,
A very large and valuable Collection of BOOKS, in almost every Branch of polite Literature. The Books are chiefly new, and well bound.—Printed Catalogues may be had at the Auction Room in Queen-Street, the Monday preceding the Time of Sale.
J. Russell, Auctioneer.
☞ Pray remember Sale begins at Nine o'Clock, Friday 17th July.

TO BE LETT, OR SOLD,
In Fish Street, at the North-End,
A Convenient Wood Wharff,
with a Number of Store Houses, Lofts, and a large Cellar for Oil, &c. all in good Repair. Inquire of PETER CHARDON, or Edes and Gill.

TO BE LETT,
An End of a House, situate near the Orange-Tree in Sudbury Street, with two Rooms on a Floor, a good Yard, Pump, &c. For further Particulars Inquire of the Printers.

A commodious House, with a Shop, and two Barns, a large Yard and other Accommodations, that has been improv'd as a Tavern for some Years, at the South End of Boston, to be Lett. Inquire of the Printers.
N. B. A genteel Sword to be Sold.

IMPORTED in the last Vessels from LONDON,
AND TO BE SOLD,
At Peter Hughes's Store
in King Street,
Hemp, English, Russia and Ravens Duck, Tickliengburg, Dowlass, Broad Cloths, Frises, Duffils, Beaver-Coatings, Pepper, Durham Mustard, Poland and common Starch, Florence Oil, Printing Ink, 8d, 10d, & 20d Nails, Sheathing ditto, Shott, Bar-Lead, Gun-Powder in half quarter Barrels, Cod and Mackrell Lines and Hooks, sail twine and whipping Twine, Writing-Paper, Brimstone, 7 by 9 and 8 by 10 Glass, single, double, and treble refined Loaf Sugar, Spanish Brown, Bantings, 12, 20, 28, and 32 Inch Pipes, Nutmegs, Cinnamon, Cloves and Mace, Crates of Earthen Ware, Doctors Phials, a small Quantity of choice Taunton Ale in Casks of about 8 Dozen Bottles, a few Hampers of Shenton's best London Porter, 3 Doz. in a Hamper, and a Quantity of Junk.

All Persons having any just Demands upon the Estate of Richard Dana, *late of Boston, in the County of Suffolk, Esq; deceas'd, are desired to apply to* Francis Dana, *of Cambridge, in the County of Middlesex, Executor of the said* Richard Dana's *last Will and Testament, for Payment: And all those who are indebted to said Estate, are requested forthwith to pay their respective Debts to the said* Francis Dana.
Cambridge, June 17th, 1772.

Found this Morning, in a noted Barn near Trinity Church, a Pinchbeck Watch, supposed to be drop'd there by a Person in extasy on the particular Business he went upon, that he did not miss it.—The Owner may have it again, by applying to the Printers hereof, describing the Watch, and paying for this Advertisement.
Boston June 18th, 1772.

At the Royal-Exchange Tavern,
In King-Street,
TO-MORROW Morning at Ten o'Clock,
Will be sold by PUBLIC VENDUE,
A large Assortment of English Goods, (the Property of a Person leaving the Province) among which are, 60 Pieces of Irish Linnens, Manchester and Scotch Checks, figured & plain Lawns, Thread, Gauze, sewing Silks, Dowlas, 7-8 and 1-4 Beddicken, striped Hollands, thread Stockings, coloured Threads, a large Assortment of Handkerchiefs, Taffities, No. 4 Pins, Writing Paper, Sagathies, Duroys, Breeches Patterns, Dorsetteens, Cambletteens, some Hard Ware, &c. &c. &c. Also one Easy Chair and two Looking Glasses.
To-Morrow Morning, Ten o'Clock.
A. BOWMAN, Auctioneer.
& vid page 97 & vid pa, 97 & vid, ye Report pa, 112

Burials in the Town of BOSTON, since our last, Seven Whites. NO Blacks.
Baptiz'd in the several Churches, Nine.

High Water at BOSTON *for this present Week.*

Monday,	4 min. after	5	Friday,	9 m aft.	8
Tuesday,	50 min. af.	5	Saturday,	50m. af.	8
Wednesday,	30 m. aft.	6	Lord's Day	35 m. af.	9
Thursday	22 min. after	7	Moon's last Qr.		D 7.

SEAL. *Province of the Massachusetts-Bay.* To *Joshua Fuller* of Newton in the County of Middlesex, in said Province Gentleman, one of the Principal Proprietors of a Township of Land lying in the late Province of Main, on little Amarascoggin River, granted by the Great and General Court on the 11th Day of June A. D. 1771, to you and others. Greeting.

Whereas you, with Four others, Proprietors of the Tract of Land above mentioned, have made Application to me for a Warrant for calling a Meeting of the Proprietors of said Township for the Purposes herein after mentioned: You are therefore, in his Majesty's Name, hereby required to notify and warn, in Time and Manner as the Law directs, the Proprietors aforesaid, that they meet at the Dwelling-House of Capt. *Nathaniel Coolidge*, Innholder, in Watertown, on Tuesday the Twenty-first Day of July next, at Eight o'Clock Beforenoon, to Transact the following Matters, viz. To choose a Moderator of said Meeting, a Clerk of the Proprietors, Assessors, a Collector or Collectors of Taxes, & a Treasurer. To determine how future Meetings of said Proprietors shall be called. To determine what Sum or Sums of Money, shall be raised to defend the Interest of the said Proprietors, and for defraying necessary charges, as also the manner in which said Money shall be raised. To choose a Committee to prosecute or defend any Action or Actions wherein the Interest of the Proprietors or their Affairs are or may be concerned, with full Power of Substitution. To see what other Committees are necessary, and to choose them. To make Sale of delinquent Proprietors Rights, or any Part of them. As also to ascertain the Claims of any Person pretending to have an Interest therein. To see what former Votes of the Proprietors they will ratify and confirm.

GIVEN under my Hand and Seal, this 29th Day of April, in the Twelfth Year of his Majesty's Reign, A. D. 1772. S. DANFORTH, *Justice of the Peace thro'out the said Province.*

In Pursuance of the foregoing Warrant, the Proprietors of the Township therein mentioned, are hereby notified and warned to meet at the Time, and for the Purposes set forth in said Warrant. JOSHUA FULLER.

A true Copy. Attest,
ALEX. SHEPARD, *jun. Prop. Clerk.*

To be Sold by PUBLIC VENDUE on WEDNESDAY the 28 Day of *July* next, at Three o'Clock in the Afternoon, at Brookline,

THE DWELLING HOUSE, where Mr. *William Bowdoin* lately lived, containing four Rooms on a Floor, and a Barn and Carpenter's Shop, with about two Acres of Land, situate near the Rev. Mr. *Jackson's* in *Brookline*, and on the *Great Road* leading from *Boston* to *Watertown*. For further Particulars, Inquire of JAMES BRYANT in *Little Cambridge*.

The Sale to be at the said House.

Boston June 23, 1772.

TO BE SOLD,

THE Brigantine *Rebecca*, lying at Domett's Wharf, Burthen about 120 Tons, with all her Stores thereunto belonging. For further Particulars enquire at John Timmins's Warehouse South-side Faneuil-Hall Market.

ALL Persons that have Demands on, or are indebted to the Estate of the late *William Sheppard*, Esq; are requested to settle with

DEBORAH SHEPPARD,
Administratrix.

June 15, 1772.

TO BE SOLD *Cheap, and the Pay made easy to the Purchaser.*

A small Tenement near the Draw-Bridge in Boston, having two Rooms on a Floor, a good Yard, &c. &c.—Inquire of the Printers.

TO BE LETT,

A large Loft, convenient for a Rigger's or Sail-Maker's Business, situate near Fish-Street. As also three lower Stores near the same.—Inquire of Edes and Gill.

Stop't, supposed to be Stolen, a Number of square Copper-Plates, one of which has been us'd for a Strainer—The Owner may have the same, paying Charges. Inquire of Edes and Gill.

WE being appointed by the honorable *Enoch Freeman*, Esq; Judge of Probate of Wills, &c. for the County of Cumberland, Commissioners to receive and examine the Claims of the Creditors to the Estate of *John Rose*, late of *Falmouth*, deceased, Intestate, represented Insolvent—And whereas the honorable *Enoch Freeman*, Esq; has been pleased to allow the Creditors Six Months longer Time to bring in and prove their Claims, from the Date hereof,—We hereby give Notice, That we shall meet for that Purpose, at the House of Mr. *Mosis Shattuck*, Innholder in *Falmouth*, on the First Wednesday of this and the five following Months, at Six o'Clock, P. M.

Falmouth, June 2, 1772. STEPHEN WHITE, ENOCH ILSLEY, RICHARD CODMAN, } Commissioners

Stoped, supposed to have been stolen, a large black Mare, two checked Linnen Handkerchiefs, one white half Handkerchief, a white Linnen Apron, one Pair new Yarn Stockings, a small Brass Kettle, taken in the Possession of a Straggling Person who calls himself by the Name of Benjamin Palmer, and says he lives in Salem; taken on the 11th Day of June 1772, at Concord. Any Person or Persons making out their Title to the above Articles and Property, prosecuting the Thief who is now in Custody in his Majesty's Goal in Concord aforesaid, may obtain them.

The Proprietors of a Tract of undivided Land lying at *Musconguc*, holding under Beacham and Lovecraft, are Notified that their Meeting stands adjourned to Thursday, the 25th of June Inst. at three o'Clock in the Afternoon at Col. Ingersoll's, where its earnestly requested that every Person concerned will attend themselves, or by their Attorney.

NATHANIEL GREENE, Prop's Clerk.

Ebenezer Hancock

At his Shop in Marshall's Lane, between the Sign of the Cornfields and the Mill-Bridge;

Begs Leave to acquaint his former good Customers and others, that he has just open'd for Sale, A Fresh Assortment of Hard Ware Goods, which he is determined to sell at the very lowest Advance, for Cash only:—Those who please to favour him with their Custom may depend upon being well used; and all Favours gratefully acknowledg'd.

Imported in the last Vessels from London and Bristol, and to be Sold by

Josiah Waters, and Son,

At their Store in Ann-Street, near the Draw-Bridge; By Wholesale or Retail,

A general Assortment of the following Articles, viz. PAINTS, OYLS, Taylor's GLASS, Long and Short PIPES, SPICES, Dye Stuffs, SNUFF, PINS, Loaf SUGAR, FLINT GLASS, GROCERIES, &c. &c.

N. B. Warranted Tea and Chocolate, a few Hogsheads of Liverpool Salt, New-England Rum, and a small Quantity of genuine Indigo.

Fresh LIME-JUICE by the Gallon or less Quantity, to be Sold by JOSEPH HALL, at his Shop in Cole-Lane.

Roberts *and* Lee,

JEWELLERS,

Have received by the Sockey, Gardner, from London,

A very elegant Assortment of Jewellery, Cutlery and Japan Ware, which are to be sold at their Shop nearly opposite the Old Brick Meeting-House, Cornhill, Boston, as reasonable as can be afforded.

They make and repair every Article in the Jewellery Way, as neat and as cheap as in London.

They likewise work Hair in any Form or Device for Rings or Lockets.

Mourning Rings made with Expedition.

The utmost Value given for old Gold and Silver Lace.

For *BARBADOS*,

The Snow Fair Lady, *Thomas Fossey*, Master, will sail in Fourteen Days, has excellent Accommodations for Passengers. For Freight or Passage apply to the Master on board, laying at Griffin's Wharff.—At which place is to be sold, choice old Jamaica Spirit in Porter Casks, Sugar, and Barbadoe Rum.

Choice Anchovies and Capers, in large and small Quantities, lately Imported in Capt. Acworth, and to be sold by WILLIAM LAMBERT, at the Three Sugar Loaves, little above the Draw-Bridge.

St. Ubes SALT, of an extraordinary good Quality, and very strong, to be sold cheap on board the Ship Prince William, Capt. John Bruce, Master, lying at HANCOCK's Wharff. Apply to WILLIAM DUGUID & Comp'y, on Trest's Wharff. *Who have likewise for Sale,*

Some extreamly good Broad Cloths; also a few Casks of *Black's* Snuff, warranted as good as *Kippen's*.

☞ An Assortment of Spring and Summer Goods at same Store, on such Terms, as upon Trial will merit further Custom.

TO BE LETT,

A Shop and Room in Ann-Street, lately improv'd by JACOB ROYALL, who has Remov'd his Goods to his Dwelling-House, and has Sundries, Broad Cloths, &c. to dispose of cheap for Cash.

TO BE SOLD,

A Farm in Needham, containing 230 Acres, consisting of Orcharding, Mowing, Pasturing and Plow-Land, well watered, and never known to be dry in the dryest Season. On said Farm is a good House (40 feet by 28) and a good Barn. For further Particulars, inquire of *Jacob Parker*, living on the Premises.

To be Sold Cheap to any Person in the Country, a Negro Woman about 23 Years Old, can do Family Work, and a pretty good Cook, the Reason of her being offer'd for Sale is, for being too good a Breeder. Likewise,

To sell cheap if apply'd for soon, a good Ship, about 185 Tons, well found, and fitted for the Sea, with her Load of Lumber. Inquire of the Printers hereof.

TO BE SOLD,

As fine a Pleasure Boat for Sailing or Rowing, as perhaps ever was built. For further Particulars, Inquire of Edes and Gill.

TO BE SOLD,

Three Thousand three Hundred Acres of Land, situate at or near the Muscongus, by Broad-Bay, in the Eastern Part of this Province. For further Particulars, inquire of the Printers.

The Estate of Mr. Henry Goold, late of Concord, deceased, being rendered Insolvent, and Six Months allowed the Creditors to bring in their Claims and prove their Debts. The Commissioners appointed by the Hon. Samuel Danforth, Esq; Judge of Probate for the County of Middlesex, to receive and examine said Claims—GIVE NOTICE, That they shall attend said Service at the House of Capt. Jonathan Haywood Innholder, in Concord, the first Friday in this and the first Monday of the five following Months, and the first Thursday of November, from Four to Eight o'Clock, P. M. Concord, May 3, 1772.

All Persons indebted to the Estate of Andrew Hall, late of Boston, Merchant, deceased, are desired to make speedy Payment to Sarah Hall, of said Boston, Administratrix: And all Persons that have any Demands on Estate are desired to bring them in to said Administratrix, in Order for a speedy Settlement.

All Persons indebted to Mrs. Sarah Brown, late of Boston, Widow, deceased, either by Book, Bond or Note, are desired to make speedy Payment to Timothy Thornton, of said Boston, Administrator on said Estate: Likewise all Persons that have any Demands on said Sarah Brown's Estate, are desired to bring them to said Administrator, in Order for Adjustment.

Nova Scotia Grindstones,

JUST Landed, the compleatest Assortment of NOVA SCOTIA GRINDSTONES ever brought into the Country, and to be sold by HENRY BASS, at his Store adjoining the Golden Ball Tavern at the head of Green's Wharff near the Market, Boston, on account of the Connections he hath with the Manufacturers, he can afford them vastly Cheap for Cash or short Credit.

All Persons indebted to, or that have any Demands on the Estate of Roger Lucas late of Boston, Mariner, deceas'd, are desired to bring in their Accounts to Thomas and William Adams of Boston, Administrators on said Estate, in Order for Settlement.

All Persons indebted to, or that have any Demands on the Estate of Sarah Lucas late of Boston, Widow, deceas'd, are desired to bring in their Accounts to Thomas or William Adams, of said Boston, Administrators on said Estate, in Order for Settlement.

Good Accommodations for Boarders, may be had of Mary Phillips, at her House next Door to Doctor Whitworth's in Wings-Lane, in the Centre of the Town.

Lewis Delile

Begs leave to acquaint the public, That he teaches the *French* Language in its native Purity, and having been educated at the famous and antient University of BORDEAUX, where he resided for the Space of fifteen Years, he is not only acquainted with the minutest Elegancies of this Language, but is also well versed in the Latin; as many of his literary Performances published in each of these Languages will sufficiently testify.

He instructs grammatically, and intends to divide his teaching into four distinct Parts, the Particulars of which he will explain to his Scholars on their first Application.

He pays very particular Attention to give the most noble and proper Pronunciation a very essential and necessary thing, but too much neglected by a great many Masters.

He has the confidence to hope, that his Zeal to inform his Pupils, his Assiduity to instruct them, and the Success, which, he flatters himself, will result from his *Method*, will not only recommend him to them, but also procure him the Encouragement and good Will of the Public, as his greatest Ambition will be to merit it.

He doubts not but the Public will readily make a Distinction in his Favor, he being by Birth a *Frenchman*, *educated at the* University, and whose *Profession* it has been to cultivate the BELLES LETTRES from his *tender Infancy*, Especially POETRY and ELOQUENCE.

His School is at the Room (in Kingstreet) lately improved by Mr. Gerrish, Vendue-Master, and will be constantly attended the following Days in every Week viz. Monday, Wednesday & Friday, from Five o'Clock in the Morning to One in the Afternoon, and from Three in the Afternoon to nine in the Evening, in order to conform himself to the Conveniences of every Person, as their different Avocations will permit.

The Days on which he does not open his School he proposes to devote to the attending Gentlemen and Ladies at their own Houses, at any particular Hours most suitable to those who will please to favor him with their Custom.

Likewise if any certain number of young Ladies, would do him the Honour to meet at his School, he would for them alone whatever Hour that might be most convenient to them.

☞ The said Delile also acquaints the Public that He will translate or Compose in French any Kind of works either of taste or Commerce for those who require it.

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